

acc. to 29 CFR 1910.1200 App D

BOWL RITE TOILET BOWL CLNR

Version number: GHS 1.0 Date of compilation: 2023-01-24

SECTION 1: Identification

1.1 Product identifier

Trade name BOWL RITE TOILET BOWL CLNR

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Relevant identified uses General use

Uses advised against Do not use for squirting or spraying. Do not use

for products which come into direct contact with

the skin.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Air-Scent International 290-298 Alpha Drive Pittsburgh PA 15238 United States

Telephone: 800-247-0770 e-mail: info@airscent.com Website: www.airscent.com

1.4 Emergency telephone number

Emergency information service 800-535-5053

This number is only available during the following

office hours: Mon-Fri 08:00 AM - 05:00 PM

InfoTrac contract number: H7V9634012.

SECTION 2: Hazard(s) identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification acc. to OSHA "Hazard Communication Standard" (29 CFR 1910.1200)

Section	Hazard class	Category	Hazard class and cat- egory	Hazard state- ment
A.2	skin corrosion/irritation	1B	Skin Corr. 1B	H314
A.3	serious eye damage/eye irritation	1	Eye Dam. 1	H318
B.6	flammable liquid	4	Flam. Liq. 4	H227

For full text of abbreviations: see SECTION 16.

The most important adverse physicochemical, human health and environmental effects

Skin corrosion produces an irreversible damage to the skin; namely, visible necrosis through the epidermis and into the dermis. The product is combustible and can be ignited by potential ignition sources.

2.2 Label elements

Labelling acc. to OSHA "Hazard Communication Standard" (29 CFR 1910.1200)

- Signal word danger

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- Pictograms

GHS05



- Hazard statements

H227 Combustible liquid.

H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

- Precautionary statements

P210 Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. No smoking.

P260 Do not breathe dusts or mists.

P280 Wear protective gloves/eye protection/face protection.
P301+P330+P331 If swallowed: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.

P303+P361+P353 If on skin (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/

shower.

P304+P340 If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.

P305+P351+P338 If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and

easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P310 Immediately call a poison center/doctor.
P321 Specific treatment (see on this label).
P363 Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

P370+P378 In case of fire: Use sand, carbon dioxide or powder extinguisher to extinguish.

P403+P235 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

P405 Store locked up.

P501 Dispose of contents/container to industrial combustion plant.

2.3 Other hazards

This material is combustible, but will not ignite readily.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1 Substances

Not relevant (mixture)

3.2 Mixtures

Description of the mixture

IUPAC name	Identifier	Wt%	Classification acc. to GHS
	CAS No 7664-38-2	25 - < 50	Skin Corr. 1B / H314 Eye Dam. 1 / H318
2-butoxyethan-1-ol	CAS No 111-76-2	10 - < 25	Acute Tox. 4 / H302 Acute Tox. 4 / H312 Acute Tox. 4 / H332 Skin Irrit. 2 / H315 Eye Irrit. 2 / H319 Flam. Liq. 4 / H227
benzaldehyde	CAS No 100-52-7	1-<5	Acute Tox. 4 / H302 Acute Tox. 4 / H332 Flam. Liq. 4 / H227

For full text of abbreviations: see SECTION 16.

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SECTION 4: First-aid measures

4.1 Description of first-aid measures

General notes

Do not leave affected person unattended. Remove victim out of the danger area. Keep affected person warm, still and covered. Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical advice. In case of unconsciousness place person in the recovery position. Never give anything by mouth.

Following inhalation

If breathing is irregular or stopped, immediately seek medical assistance and start first aid actions. In case of respiratory tract irritation, consult a physician. Provide fresh air.

Following skin contact

Wash with plenty of soap and water.

Following eye contact

Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water for at least 10 minutes, holding the eyelids apart.

Following ingestion

Rinse mouth with water (only if the person is conscious). Do NOT induce vomiting.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms and effects are not known to date.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

none

SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media

Water spray, BC-powder, Carbon dioxide (CO2)

Unsuitable extinguishing media

Water jet

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

In case of insufficient ventilation and/or in use, may form flammable/explosive vapor-air mixture. Solvent vapors are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Places which are not ventilated, e.g. unventilated below ground level areas such as trenches, conduits and shafts, are particularly prone to the presence of flammable substances or mixtures.

Hazardous combustion products

Carbon monoxide (CO), Carbon dioxide (CO2), Phosphorus oxides (PxOy)

5.3 Advice for firefighters

In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Coordinate firefighting measures to the fire surroundings. Do not allow firefighting water to enter drains or water courses. Collect contaminated firefighting water separately. Fight fire with normal precautions from a reasonable distance.

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SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

Remove persons to safety.

For emergency responders

Wear breathing apparatus if exposed to vapors/dust/aerosols/gases.

6.2 Environmental precautions

Keep away from drains, surface and ground water. Retain contaminated washing water and dispose of it. If substance has entered a water course or sewer, inform the responsible authority.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Advice on how to contain a spill

Covering of drains

Advice on how to clean up a spill

Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Collect spillage: sawdust, kieselgur (diatomite), sand, universal binder

Appropriate containment techniques

Use of adsorbent materials.

Other information relating to spills and releases

Place in appropriate containers for disposal. Ventilate affected area.

6.4 Reference to other sections

Hazardous combustion products: see section 5. Personal protective equipment: see section 8. Incompatible materials: see section 10. Disposal considerations: see section 13.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Recommendations

- Measures to prevent fire as well as aerosol and dust generation

Use local and general ventilation. Avoidance of ignition sources. Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Use only in well-ventilated areas. Due to danger of explosion, prevent leakage of vapours into cellars, flues and ditches. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/equipment. Use only non-sparking tools.

- Specific notes/details

Places which are not ventilated, e.g. unventilated below ground level areas such as trenches, conduits and shafts, are particularly prone to the presence of flammable substances or mixtures. Vapors are heavier than air, spread along floors and form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

Wash hands after use. Do not eat, drink and smoke in work areas. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. Never keep food or drink in the vicinity of chemicals. Never place chemicals in containers that are normally used for food or drink. Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

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Managing of associated risks

- Explosive atmospheres

Keep container tightly closed and in a well-ventilated place. Use local and general ventilation. Keep cool. Protect from sunlight.

- Flammability hazards

Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Protect from sunlight.

Control of the effects

Protect against external exposure, such as

frost

- Ventilation requirements

Use local and general ventilation. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment.

- Packaging compatibilities

Only packagings which are approved (e.g. acc. to the Dangerous Goods Regulations) may be used.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

See section 16 for a general overview.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limit values (Workplace Exposure Limits)

Biologica	al limit values					
Country	Name of agent	Parameter	Notation	Identifier	Value	Source
US	2-butoxyethanol	Butoxyacetic acid (BAA)	hydr, crea	BEI®	200 mg/g	ACGIH® 2022

Notation

crea creatinine hydr hydrolysis

8.2 Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls

General ventilation.

Individual protection measures (personal protective equipment)

Eye/face protection

Wear eye/face protection.

Skin protection

- Hand protection

Wear suitable gloves. Chemical protection gloves are suitable, which are tested according to EN 374. Check leak-tightness/impermeability prior to use. In the case of wanting to use the gloves again, clean them before taking off and air them well. For special purposes, it is recommended to check the resistance to chemicals of the protective gloves mentioned above together with the supplier of these gloves.

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- Other protection measures

Take recovery periods for skin regeneration. Preventive skin protection (barrier creams/ointments) is recommended. Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

Respiratory protection

In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection.

Environmental exposure controls

Use appropriate container to avoid environmental contamination. Keep away from drains, surface and ground water.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state	liquid
Color	clear
Particle	not relevant (liquid)
Odor	Comparable to standard

Other safety parameters

pH (value)	not determined
Melting point/freezing point	not determined
Initial boiling point and boiling range	>171 °C at 1 atm
Flash point	165 °F
Evaporation rate	Not determined
Flammability (solid, gas)	not relevant, (fluid)
Vapor pressure	169 Pa at 25 °C
Density	1.024 ^g / _{ml} at 25 °C
Vapor density	this information is not available
Solubility(ies)	not determined

Partition coefficient

- n-octanol/water (log KOW)	this information is not available
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Auto-ignition temperature	192 °C (auto-ignition temperature (liquids and gases))
Viscosity	not determined
Explosive properties	none
Oxidizing properties	none

9.2 Other information

Solvent content	100 %
Solid content	0 %
Temperature class (USA, acc. to NEC 500)	T3A (maximum permissible surface temperature on the equipment: 180°C)

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity

Concerning incompatibility: see below "Conditions to avoid" and "Incompatible materials". The mixture contains reactive substance(s). Risk of ignition.

If heated:

Risk of ignition

10.2 Chemical stability

See below "Conditions to avoid".

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

No known hazardous reactions.

10.4 Conditions to avoid

Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

Hints to prevent fire or explosion

Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge.

10.5 Incompatible materials

Oxidizers

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Reasonably anticipated hazardous decomposition products produced as a result of use, storage, spill and heating are not known. Hazardous combustion products: see section 5.

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SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Test data are not available for the complete mixture.

Classification procedure

The method for classification of the mixture is based on ingredients of the mixture (additivity formula).

Classification acc. to OSHA "Hazard Communication Standard" (29 CFR 1910.1200)

Acute toxicity

Shall not be classified as acutely toxic.

GHS of the United Nations, annex 4: May be harmful if inhaled.

Skin corrosion/irritation

Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Causes serious eye damage.

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Shall not be classified as a respiratory or skin sensitizer.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Shall not be classified as germ cell mutagenic.

Carcinogenicity

Shall not be classified as carcinogenic.

Reproductive toxicity

Shall not be classified as a reproductive toxicant.

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

Shall not be classified as a specific target organ toxicant (single exposure).

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

Shall not be classified as a specific target organ toxicant (repeated exposure).

Aspiration hazard

Shall not be classified as presenting an aspiration hazard.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Data are not available.

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Data are not available.

12.4 Mobility in soil

Data are not available.

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12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Data are not available.

12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

Information on this property is not available.

12.7 Other adverse effects

Data are not available.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

Waste treatment methods

Waste treatment-relevant information

Solvent reclamation/regeneration.

Sewage disposal-relevant information

Do not empty into drains. Avoid release to the environment. Refer to special instructions/safety data sheets.

Waste treatment of containers/packages

Only packagings which are approved (e.g. acc. to DOT) may be used. Completely emptied packages can be recycled. Handle contaminated packages in the same way as the substance itself.

Remarks

Please consider the relevant national or regional provisions. Waste shall be separated into the categories that can be handled separately by the local or national waste management facilities.

SECTION 14: Transport information

	14.1	U	IN i	nur	nber
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DOT	UN 1760
IMDG-Code	UN 1760
ICAO-TI	UN 1760

14.2 UN proper shipping name

DOT	Corrosive liquid, n.o.s.
IMDG-Code	CORROSIVE LIQUID, N.O.S.
ICAO-TI	Corrosive liquid, n.o.s.
Technical name (hazardous ingredients)	PHOSPHORIC ACID 85%

14.3 Transport hazard class(es)

DOT	8
IMDG-Code	8
ICAO-TI	8

14.4 Packing group

DOT	III
IMDG-Code	III
ICAO-TI	TTT

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14.5 Environmental hazards

hazardous to the aquatic environment

Environmentally hazardous substance (aquatic

environment)

IGEPAL CO630(SEE TRITON N101)

14.6 Special precautions for user

There is no additional information.

14.7 Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

The cargo is not intended to be carried in bulk.

Information for each of the UN Model Regulations

Transport of dangerous goods by road or rail (49 CFR US DOT) - Additional information

Particulars in the shipper's declaration UN1760, Corrosive liquid, n.o.s., (contains: PHOS-

PHORIC ACID 85%), 8, III, environmentally hazard-

ous

Reportable quantity (RQ) 18,155 lbs (8,243 kg) (PHOSPHORIC ACID 85%)

Danger label(s) 8, fish and tree





Environmental hazards yes (hazardous to the aquatic environment)

Special provisions (SP) IB3, T7, TP1, TP28

ERG No 154

International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG) - Additional information

Marine pollutant Yes (hazardous to the aquatic environment) (IGEPAL CO630(SEE

TRITON N101))

Danger label(s) 8, fish and tree





Special provisions (SP) 223, 274

Excepted quantities (EQ) E1
Limited quantities (LQ) 5 L
EmS F-A, S-B

Stowage category A

International Civil Aviation Organization (ICAO-IATA/DGR) - Additional information

Environmental hazards yes (hazardous to the aquatic environment)

Danger label(s) 8



Special provisions (SP) A3
Excepted quantities (EQ) E1

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Limited quantities (LQ)

1 L

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the product in question National regulations (United States)

Superfund Amendment and Reauthorization Act (SARA TITLE III)

- The List of Extremely Hazardous Substances and Their Threshold Planning Quantities (EPCRA Section 302, 304)

none of the ingredients are listed

- Specific Toxic Chemical Listings (EPCRA Section 313) none of the ingredients are listed

Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act (CERCLA)

- List of Hazardous Substances and Reportable Quantities (CERCLA section 102a) (40 CFR 302.4)

Name of substance	CAS No	Remarks	Statutory code	Final RQ pounds (Kg)
PHOSPHORIC ACID 85%	7664-38-2		1	5000 (2270)

Legend

Clean Air Act

none of the ingredients are listed

Right to Know Hazardous Substance List

- Cleaning Product Right to Know Act Substance List (CA-RTK)

Name of substance	CAS No	Functionality	Authoritative Lists
PHOSPHORIC ACID 85%	7664-38-2		OEHHA RELS
IGEPAL CO630(SEE TRITON N101)			EC EDs
2-butoxyethan-1-ol	111-76-2		OEHHA RELs

- Toxic or Hazardous Substance List (MA-TURA)

Name of substance	CAS No	DEP CODE		De Minimis Concen- tration Threshold
BUTYL CELLOSOLVE		1022		1.0 %
PHOSPHORIC ACID 85%	7664-38-2			1.0 %

- Hazardous Substances List (MN-ERTK)

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[&]quot;1" indicates that the statutory source is section 311(b)(2) of the Clean Water Act



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Name of substance	CAS No	References	Remarks
benzaldehyde	100-52-7	I	
2-butoxyethan-1-ol	111-76-2	A, O	skin
PHOSPHORIC ACID 85%	7664-38-2	A, O	

Legend

Α

American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists (ACGIH), "Threshold Limit Values for Chemical Substances and Physical Agents and Biological Exposure Indices for 1992-93", available from ACGIH

American Industrial Hygiene Association (AIHA), "Workplace Environmental Exposure Level Guides" (1992), available from AIHA

Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA), Safety and Health Standards, Code of Federal Regulations, title 29, part
1910, subpart Z, "Toxic and Hazardous Substances, 1990." General information: Minnesota Department of Labor and Industry, Occupational Safety and Health Division 0 cupational Safety and Health Division

skin If a potential for absorption from skin contact merits special consideration, the word "skin" follows the substance name.

- Hazardous Substance List (NJ-RTK)

Name of substance	CAS No	Remarks	Classifications
benzaldehyde	100-52-7		F2
2-butoxyethan-1-ol	111-76-2		CA F2
PHOSPHORIC ACID 85%	7664-38-2		СО

Legend

CA CO Carcinogenic Corrosive

Flammable - Second Degree

- Hazardous Substance List (Chapter 323) (PA-RTK)

Name acc. to inventory	CAS No	Classification
BENZALDEHYDE	100-52-7	
ETHANOL, 2-BUTOXY-	111-76-2	
PHOSPHORIC ACID	7664-38-2	E

Legend

Environmental hazard

- Hazardous Substance List (RI-RTK)

Name of substance	CAS No	References
BENZALDEHYDE	100-52-7	F
BUTYL CELLOSOLVE	111-76-2	Т
PHOSPHORIC ACID 85%	7664-38-2	T, F

Legend

Flammability (NFPA®) Toxicity (ACGIH®)

California Environmental Protection Agency (Cal/EPA): Proposition 65 - Safe Drinking Water and **Toxic Enforcement Act of 1987**

none of the ingredients are listed

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Industry or sector specific available guidance(s)

NPCA-HMIS® III

Hazardous Materials Identification System. American Coatings Association.

Category	Rating	Description
Chronic	/	none
Health	3	major injury likely unless prompt action is taken and medical treatment is given
Flammability	2	material that must be moderately heated or exposed to relatively high ambient temper- atures before ignition can occur
Physical hazard	0	material that is normally stable, even under fire conditions, and will not react with water, polymerize, decompose, condense, or self-react. Non-explosive
Personal protection	-	

NFPA® 704

National Fire Protection Association: Standard System for the Identification of the Hazards of Materials for Emergency Response (United States).

Category	Degree of hazard	Description
Flammability	2	material that must be moderately heated or exposed to relatively high ambient temper- atures before ignition can occur
Health	3	material that, under emergency conditions, can cause serious or permanent injury
Instability	0	material that is normally stable, even under fire conditions
Special hazard		

15.2 Chemical Safety Assessment

Chemical safety assessments for substances in this mixture were not carried out.

SECTION 16: Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

Abbreviations and acronyms

Abbr.	Descriptions of used abbreviations
49 CFR US DOT	49 CFR U.S. Department of Transportation
ACGIH®	American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists
ACGIH® 2022	From ACGIH®, 2022 TLVs® and BEIs® Book. Copyright 2022. Reprinted with permission. Information on the proper use of the TLVs® and BEIs®: http://www.acgih.org/tlv-bei-guidelines/policies-procedures-presentations/tlv-bei-position-statement
Acute Tox.	Acute toxicity
CAS	Chemical Abstracts Service (service that maintains the most comprehensive list of chemical substances)
DEP CODE	Department of Environmental Protection Code
DGR	Dangerous Goods Regulations (see IATA/DGR)

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Abbr. Descriptions of used abbreviations DOT Department of Transportation (USA) EmS Emergency Schedule ERG No Emergency Response Guidebook - Number Eye Dam. Seriously damaging to the eye Eye Irrit. Irritant to the eye Flam. Liq. Flammable liquid GHS "Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals" developed by the United Nation: HHS Higher hazard substance IATA International Air Transport Association IATA/DGR Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA) ICAO International Civil Aviation Organization ICAO-TI Technical instructions for the safe transport of dangerous goods by air IMDG International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code IMDG-Code International Union of Pure and Applied Chemistry Lower hazard substance
EmS Emergency Schedule ERG No Emergency Response Guidebook - Number Eye Dam. Seriously damaging to the eye Eye Irrit. Irritant to the eye Flam. Liq. Flammable liquid GHS "Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals" developed by the United Nation: HHS Higher hazard substance IATA International Air Transport Association IATA/DGR Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA) ICAO International Civil Aviation Organization ICAO-TI Technical instructions for the safe transport of dangerous goods by air IMDG International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code IMDG-Code International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code IUPAC International Union of Pure and Applied Chemistry
ERG No Emergency Response Guidebook - Number Eye Dam. Seriously damaging to the eye Eye Irrit. Irritant to the eye Flam. Liq. Flammable liquid GHS "Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals" developed by the United Nation: HHS Higher hazard substance IATA International Air Transport Association IATA/DGR Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA) ICAO International Civil Aviation Organization ICAO-TI Technical instructions for the safe transport of dangerous goods by air IMDG International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code IMDG-Code International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code IUPAC International Union of Pure and Applied Chemistry
Eye Dam. Seriously damaging to the eye Eye Irrit. Irritant to the eye Flam. Liq. Flammable liquid GHS "Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals" developed by the United Nations HHS Higher hazard substance IATA International Air Transport Association IATA/DGR Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA) ICAO International Civil Aviation Organization ICAO-TI Technical instructions for the safe transport of dangerous goods by air IMDG International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code IMDG-Code International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code IUPAC International Union of Pure and Applied Chemistry
Eye Irrit. Irritant to the eye Flam. Liq. Flammable liquid GHS "Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals" developed by the United Nation: HHS Higher hazard substance IATA International Air Transport Association IATA/DGR Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA) ICAO International Civil Aviation Organization ICAO-TI Technical instructions for the safe transport of dangerous goods by air IMDG International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code IMDG-Code International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code IUPAC International Union of Pure and Applied Chemistry
Flam. Liq. Flammable liquid GHS "Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals" developed by the United Nations HHS Higher hazard substance IATA International Air Transport Association IATA/DGR Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA) ICAO International Civil Aviation Organization ICAO-TI Technical instructions for the safe transport of dangerous goods by air IMDG International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code IMDG-Code International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code IUPAC International Union of Pure and Applied Chemistry
GHS "Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals" developed by the United Nations HHS Higher hazard substance IATA International Air Transport Association IATA/DGR Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA) ICAO International Civil Aviation Organization ICAO-TI Technical instructions for the safe transport of dangerous goods by air IMDG International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code IMDG-Code International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code IUPAC International Union of Pure and Applied Chemistry
HHS Higher hazard substance IATA International Air Transport Association IATA/DGR Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA) ICAO International Civil Aviation Organization ICAO-TI Technical instructions for the safe transport of dangerous goods by air IMDG International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code IMDG-Code International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code IUPAC International Union of Pure and Applied Chemistry
IATA International Air Transport Association IATA/DGR Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA) ICAO International Civil Aviation Organization ICAO-TI Technical instructions for the safe transport of dangerous goods by air IMDG International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code IMDG-Code International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code IUPAC International Union of Pure and Applied Chemistry
IATA/DGR Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA) ICAO International Civil Aviation Organization ICAO-TI Technical instructions for the safe transport of dangerous goods by air IMDG International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code IMDG-Code International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code IUPAC International Union of Pure and Applied Chemistry
ICAO International Civil Aviation Organization ICAO-TI Technical instructions for the safe transport of dangerous goods by air IMDG International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code IMDG-Code International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code IUPAC International Union of Pure and Applied Chemistry
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LHS Lower hazard substance
NFPA® National Fire Protection Association (United States)
NPCA-HMIS® III National Paint and Coatings Association: Hazardous Materials Identification System - HMIS® III, Third Edition
OSHA Occupational Safety and Health Administration (United States)
PBT Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic
RTECS Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances (database of NIOSH with toxicological information)
Skin Corr. Corrosive to skin
Skin Irrit. Irritant to skin

Key literature references and sources for data

OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (HCS), 29 CFR 1910.1200.

Transport of dangerous goods by road or rail (49 CFR US DOT). International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG). Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA).

Classification procedure

Physical and chemical properties: The classification is based on tested mixture.

Health hazards, Environmental hazards: The method for classification of the mixture is based on ingredients of the mixture (additivity formula).

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acc. to 29 CFR 1910.1200 App D

BOWL RITE TOILET BOWL CLNR

Version number: GHS 1.0 Date of compilation: 2023-01-24

List of relevant phrases (code and full text as stated in section 2 and 3)

Code	Text
H227	Combustible liquid.
H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H312	Harmful in contact with skin.
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H332	Harmful if inhaled.

Disclaimer

This information is based upon the present state of our knowledge. This SDS has been compiled and is solely intended for this product.

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